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Viewing cable 06BERN1971, EUR A/S FRIED AND SWISS STATE SECRETARY AMBUHL \

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Reference ID Created Released Classification Origin

06BERN1971 2006-10-23 08:56 2011-08-30 01:44 CONFIDENTIAL Embassy Bern

Appears in these articles:

www.letemps.ch/swiss_papers

Pre-Meeting: Iran & the Balkans

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PP RUEHBC RUEHDBU RUEHDE RUEHDIR RUEHFL RUEHKUK RUEHKW RUEHLA RUEHROV
RUEHSR
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P 230856Z OCT 06
FM AMEMBASSY BERN
TO RUEHC/SECSTATE WASHDC PRIORITY 3308
INFO RUEHZL/EUROPEAN POLITICAL COLLECTIVE
RUCNIRA/IRAN COLLECTIVE
82783 2006-10-23 08:56:00 06BERN1971 Embassy Bern CONFIDENTIAL 06BELGRADE1566 | 06BERN1867 | 06BERN1876 | 06PRISTINA833 VZCZCXRO7014 \ PP RUEHBC RUEHDBU RUEHDE RUEHDIR RUEHFL RUEHKUK RUEHKW RUEHLA RUEHROV \
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DE RUEHSW #1971/01 2960856\
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INFO RUEHZL/EUROPEAN POLITICAL COLLECTIVE\
RUCNIRA/IRAN COLLECTIVE C O N F I D E N T I A L SECTION 01 OF 05 BERN 001971 \
SIPDIS \
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E.O. 12958: DECL: 10/22/2016 \
TAGS: PREL PTER KNNP EAID SZ
SUBJECT: EUR A/S FRIED AND SWISS STATE SECRETARY AMBUHL \
LAUNCH COMPREHENSIVE POLITICAL DIALOGUE -- MULTIPLE
DELIVERABLES \
REF: A. BELGRADE 1566
         1B. PRISTINA 833 \
1C. BERN 1867 \
         1D. BERN 1876 \
Classified By: DCM Carol Urban, Reasons 1.4 b/d \
\(\)(C) Summary: In the first round of official political level \talks under the recently inaugurated Framework for Enhanced \tag{Political Cooperation, EUR A/S Dan Fried and Swiss State \tag{Secretary Michael Ambuehl identified a number of specific \tag{}
areas for closer cooperation. Areas discussed included \regional stabilization in the Balkans, Middle East, and \
Sudan; security and counter-terror cooperation; promotion of \
mutual economic interests; disaster relief; educational \
exchanges; and UN reform. The Swiss offered specific \
proposals for cooperation. For Ambuehl, a formal Framework \
is important in that it regularizes bilateral consultations
and, as much as getting the USG's attention, it serves as a \
means to ensure that Ambuehl's boss -- Foreign Minister \
Calmy-Rey -- and their Swiss colleagues get into the habit of \
thinking about cooperating with Washington. End summary.
2.(C) Assistant Secretary Fried conducted the first
high-level dialogue on enhanced bilateral political \cooperation with Ambuehl on September 29. Participants included officials from the Swiss Departments of Foreign
Affairs, Economic Affairs, Finance, and Defense, along wardsassador Coneway, DCM, Pol/Econ officers, and visiting
                                                                                             with \
EUR/AGS desk officer.
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international community to show solidarity against Iranian \intransigence on the nuclear issue. \
   4.(C) During this pre-meeting, Foreign Minister Micheline \ Calmy-Rey dropped by to welcome A/S Fried. Noting that she \ was one of the first European leaders to call for Kosovo's \
was one of the first European leaders to call for Kosovo's \ independence, Calmy-Rey expressed particular interest in A/S \ Fried's just-completed visit to Serbia and Kosovo. Fried \ reviewed his message to Serbian and Kosovar leaders, adding \ that KFOR members, including the U.S. and Switzerland, should \ be prepared to beef up their presence during the first part \ of the transition in 2007. Calmy-Rey explained that \ Switzerland currently deployed about 200 troops out of the \ 250 currently authorized for peace operations abroad, but was \ in the process of enlarging deployable forces to 500 by 2008. \ (Comment: The Swiss Parliament has authorized a maximum of \ 220 for SwissCoy in Kosovo; any increase would require \ Parliamentary approval, usually a time-consuming process. \ End comment.) \
   End comment.) \
   Framework for Enhanced Bilateral Cooperation \
  5.(C) Ambuehl opened the plenary with a statement hailing the \Framework Agreement for Enhanced Political Cooperation (the \U.S.-Swiss MOU signed in May 2005) as providing a "legal \basis" under Swiss law for closer cooperation between the two \countries. He said that both sides had exhibited excellent \cooperation in the adoption of the Third Additional Protocol \cooperation and the agreement of the Introduction of the Third Additional Protocol
  to the Geneva Conventions and the acceptance of the Israeli \
Magan David Adom in the International Red Cross, Red Crescent \
Movement. Ambuehl also noted that the U.S. and Switzerland \
share "mostly the same objectives," though often with \
different strategies, due to the distinct global roles \
played: the U.S. as sole superpower and Switzerland as \
almostly sole noutral
    (almost) sole neutral. \
   Balkans: Swiss Program Proposals for Kosovo \
  6.(C) A/S Fried provided a detailed report of his visit \ earlier that week to Belgrade, Pristina, and Mitrovica \ (reftels a and b): The next few weeks were going to be \ difficult; the situation in Kosovo will only deteriorate \ unless action is taken. Thus, the USG and the Quint \ concluded that the status issue must be finalized and the \ final status must be independence. According to A/S Fried
   final status must be independence. According to A/S Fried, \
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  both ethnic Serbs and Albanians realize this, however \ unenthusiastic the Serb leadership felt. Encouragingly, Serb \
   students in Belgrade and even moderate Serb community leaders \
   in Mitrovica seemed prepared to move on. To hold-outs, such \backslash as President Kostunica and Foreign Minister Draskovic, A/S \backslash
   Fried's message was that their reluctance must not translate
   into obstructionism or violence, or else Belgrade's European \ambitions would be drastically set back. \
7.(SBU) Addressing Switzerland as a participant in KFOR, A/S \
Fried emphasized his hope that when KFOR needed more troops, \
Switzerland would be there. State Secretary Ambuehl advised \
that Switzerland's analysis of Kosovo was completely in line \
with that of the U.S. Switzerland supported independence \
soon, under the right conditions. He described the Balkans \
as a prime place for U.S.-Swiss cooperation in areas of good \
governance and "transitional justice." Swiss DFA Human \
Security director Thomas Greminger described Swiss thinking \
on decentralization and transitional justice and noted that \
the Swiss had presented a menu of maximal and minimal program \
proposals to Kosovo Coordinator Ahtisaari and the European \
Commission (EC) and would be interested in USG views (paper \
handed to EUR/AGS desk officer). A/S Fried and Ambuehl \
agreed to that an expert level group would review the Swiss \
proposal and meet in either Washington or Bern to define \
areas of bilateral cooperation on transitional justice and \
other good-governance issues. \
      \
  Sudan
8.(SBU) Moving on to Sudan, Ambuehl recalled that \
Switzerland and the United States had worked together in 2002 \
to mediate the North-South Agreement. Ambuehl laid out three \
areas of current Swiss activity: demarcating the north/south \
boundary; assisting the regional government of southern Sudan \
in mediation with the Lords Resistance Army; and helping the \
SPLA militia transition into a civil force. A/S Fried \
replied that he was aware that the Swiss had discussed with \
EUCOM officers the idea of bilateral cooperation. He said he \
would take the Swiss ideas to State's AF Bureau and would \
speak with EUCOM Combatant Commander General Jones about the \
Swiss proposal and potential for cooperation. \
   Detainees \
  9.(SBU) A/S Fried opened the discussion of the \
detainee/renditions issue by recommending to the Swiss the \
recent Financial Times article by State Department Legal \
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Advisor Bellinger. A/S Fried stressed the fundamental \ points: terrorists want to kill civilians in our countries, \ and the Geneva Conventions -- while adequate for conventional \ war -- were not designed for the current threat. On \ renditions, A/S Fried noted that several countries had used \ this method to bring criminals to justice -- for example, \ France with Carlos the Jackal, and Turkey with PKK leader \ Abdullah Ocalan. Those insisting on treating terror suspects \ as POWs are not factoring in that, under Geneva, detainees \ should be held until the end of hostilities; indeed the \ closest parallel to terrorists in the Geneva Conventions \ would be "spies and saboteurs," who do not merit POW \ protection. A/S Fried stressed that the United States was \ not trying to "bend the rules," rather trying to "get it \ right." \
   right.
   10.(SBU) Christine Schraner, DFA deputy chief for \ international public law, stressed that Switzerland took the \ fight against terrorism seriously. Switzerland was seeking \
  fight against terrorism seriously. Switzerland was seeking \
the proper balance between counterterrorism and human rights. \
She welcomed progress in the UN 1267 Committee on \
de-listing, citing recent UN discussions and a well-received \
Swiss co-sponsored study conducted with the Watson Institute \
at Brown University. Ambuehl asked that the USG understand \
Switzerland's role as guardians of international law. He \
Support of that Ambassador Ballinger aggest to most with his \
Support of the content of the 
  Swiss counterpart, Ambassador Bellinger agree to meet with his \
Swiss counterpart, Ambassador Paul Seger, to discuss the \
issues of detainees and renditions, as well as the listing \
and delisting of terrorist entities. A/S Fried said he would \
   pass the request on to Ambassador Bellinger. \
   Property Rights as Human Rights
  11.(SBU) State Secretary Ambuehl presented A/S Fried with a \copy of a Swiss-sponsored book "Realizing Property Rights," \co-authored by Peruvian economist Hernando DeSoto. The \
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   Swiss, Ambuehl said, would like to co-sponsor with the U.S. a \
  workshop on the subject. The issue was particularly \ pertinent in the developing world. A/S Fried replied that he \ would want to see how the notion of property rights as \
   fundamental human rights conformed to the need to seize terrorist and criminal assets and fight kleptocracy, but agreed to raise the proposal with Under Secretary Paula
   Dobriansky. \
   Intelligence Sharing \
   12.(C) Additional areas where traditional structures were \ challenged by terrorism were law enforcement cooperation and
  intelligence sharing, according to A/S Fried. Reviewing the \mintelligence sharing, according to A/S Fried. Reviewing the \message delivered by S/CT Crumpton on September 7 (reftel c), \mathcal{A}/S Fried emphasized that the updated U.S.-Swiss operative \mathcal{W} working agreement on counter-terrorism cooperation would only \mathcal{D} be as valuable as the cooperation it fostered. The Swiss \mathcal{D} needed to share more broadly the intelligence they develop. \mathcal{M} Scarrisk Policy Director Lagrage Bittelland pointed \mathcal{D}
  Swiss DFA Security Policy Director Jacques Pitteloud pointed \ out that September 11 had found Switzerland even less \ prepared than the U.S. to face the new threat. In \
   Switzerland, counterterrorism had traditionally been a purely \
law enforcement matter. The key to producing more \
intelligence information was first to develop better \
   intelligence services. Both sides agreed on the importance \of ensuring the success of intelligence and law enforcement \
   cooperation.
   13.(SBU) In the broader area of bilateral counterterrorism \
  13.(SBU) in the broader area of blatteral counterterrorism \
cooperation, Ambuehl and Pitteloud both praised the \
U.S.-Swiss sponsored "Black Ice" bioterrorism exercise held \
September 7-8 in Montreux, which brought senior leaders of \
international organizations together for the first time on \
  this issue. Pitteloud expressed strong support for a \ follow-up conference. A/S Fried and Embassy Bern agreed to \ pursue the idea with Black Ice Conference organizers. \
   Disaster Relief \
   14.(SBU) Describing an ongoing Swiss Development Agency
 14.(SBU) Describing an ongoing Swiss Development Agency \ project to assess hazards and risks. Ambuehl promised to \ provide the USG a copy of the "risk mapping" exercise \ identified areas of potential flooding, landslides, \ avalanches, desertification, soil erosion, and other risks. \ A/S Fried recommended that, in assessing the potential risks, \ the Swiss also incorporate a data base of the PfP assets \ available. A/S Fried asserted that Switzerland was in an \ mathinal position among NATO partners to develop a data base.
   optimal position among NATO partners to develop a data base \ of partner assets to respond to such natural disasters as the \
  Kashmir earthquake or a tsunami. The upcoming Riga NATO \Summit would be addressing "NATO in the World;" Swiss effo
                                                                                                                                                                                                             Swiss efforts \
  targeting humanitarian disasters could sell well within the \neutrality-conscious Swiss public. Ambuehl agreed. \
   Financial Sanctions Implementation Group
 Trade Agreement, but hoped that the proposal could be revived \
some day. Monica Ruehl, Director of Bilateral Relations at \
the Swiss Secretariat for Economic Affairs (SECO), described \
   the U.S.-Swiss Trade and Investment Cooperation Forum (the \"Forum"), inaugurated by USTR and SECO in May. While still \
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Advisor Bellinger. A/S Fried stressed the fundamental \

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in its infancy, the Forum already has as possible agenda '
 in its intalecy, the Forum already has as possible agenda \ items intellectual property rights, a wine agreement based on \ the U.S.-EU model, and recognition of organic products \ standards. The Forum had passed its first hurdle in \ providing a platform to head off a potential U.S.-Swiss \ collision regarding drastic restrictions on U.S. beef exports \ to Switzerland. \
   16.(SBU) Ruehl raised the issue of sanctions implementation. \
 Reiterating Swiss points to Treasury Under Secretary Stuart \
Levey on September 14 (ref d), Ruehl described the Financial \
Sanctions Implementation Experts Group that had operated \
during the 1990s. Switzerland hosted the last meeting in \
during the 1990s. Switzerland hosted the last meeting in \
November 2001. The USG was supposed to host the next, but \
never had. Ruehl stressed that Switzerland and others would \
be more successful in enforcing international sanctions if \
the actual implementers -- OFAC in the USG's case -- would \
meet regularly to discuss the mechanics of sanctions \
enforcement. Welcoming the proposal to revive the experts \
group, A/S Fried hoped that its scope be broad enough to \
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 \
encompass organized crime and kleptocracy and agreed to \
contact Treasury to encourage revival of the Sanctions \
Implementation Experts Group. Embassy Bern also agreed to \
push the idea with visiting Treasury officials. \
   United Nations Reform \
 17.(SBU) State Secretary Ambuehl laid out Switzerland's three \ priorities within the United Nations: strengthen the overall \ UN system; promote reform in the budget and "cohesion" of UN \ agencies; and invigorate Geneva as a UN host city. Mindful \
agencies; and invigorate Geneva as a UN host city. Mindful \ of U.S.-Swiss common goals with regard to management reform, \ Ambuehl suggested that the two governments should introduce \ a proposal for outsourcing oversight functions (auditing, \ etc.) at smaller UN agencies, including the Bern-based \ Universal Postal Union. A/S Fried agreed that it was \ interesting and offered to run it by UN specialists. The \ Swiss agreed to provide the USG with a paper, which EUR will \ discuss proposal with IO and USUN. \
  Muslim Integration \
   18.(SBU) Addressing the challenge of Muslim integration, A/S
 Fried regretted that the prevailing radical character in the \
Muslim world was drowning out other voices. He recalled his \
visit to Denmark in the wake of the so-called "cartoon \
crisis." Initially, the West was as ill-equipped to deal \
with Muslim realities in Europe and the Greater Middle East \
as they had been with the communist threat following the \
Second World War Ampuebl underscored Switzerland's relative
as they had been with the communist threat following the \Second World War. Ambuehl underscored Switzerland's relative \success with Muslim integration, due to the country's status \as a secular state with a highly decentralized system and \republican, egalitarian structures. The Swiss population is \22 percent foreign born; of this, about 20 percent is Balkan \and 5 percent Islamic, he said. The Swiss Government was \working on two projects with regard to integration: the \Montreux Initiative on transparent charitable best practices; \and "Chantier Islamisme" involving the mapping of Islamist \organizations and parties. A/S Fried recommended that both \sides meet at the expert level to share information on \outreach activities and to include Muslim integration as a \regular topic in Framework discussions. \
  Forum for the Future \
\ 19.(SBU) Welcoming Switzerland's participation in the Forum \ and the Foundation for the Future, A/S Fried noted that the \ Foundation, designed to promote and subsidize civil society \ in the BMENA region, had had a slow first year, in part due \ to the Russian G-8 presidency. However, the Germans were \ promising to do more during their dual G-8/EU presidency. \ A/S Fried commended President Bush's recent UN speech on the \ importance coupling democracy with outreach. \
 vis-a-vis Hamas and Syria, Ambueni countered that -- nowever (difficult to deal with they were -- they remained a factor in the region. A/S Fried pushed back and urged the Swiss to allow pressure on Hamas to work. Ambuehl said he would send a DFA regional expert to Washington to talk about Syria and
  other regional concerns. \
  Russia & Central Asia \
  21.(C) A/S Fried also discussed Russia (particularly the ^{\mbox{\scriptsize V}}
21.(C) A/S Fried also discussed Russia (particularly the \ energy-security nexus) and its neighbors. The arrest the \ previous day of several Russian "spies" by the Government of \ Georgia had not been handled well by either side, but \ illustrated our difficulties with Moscow; Russia seemed to \ want all of its neighbors to adopt the posture of Finland \ during the Cold War. Swiss DFA Deputy Poldir Anton Thalmann \ agreed that dealing with the Russians required firmness, \ expressing admiration for the performance of Alexander \ Vershbow and Nicholas Burns as NATO ambassadors. In response \ to Ruehl's question about Russian WTO membership, A/S Fried \ replied that President Bush would have loved to welcome the \
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